

KENTUCKY GAZETTE

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

[VOL. XVIII.—N° 942.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1804.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

This paper is published weekly, at two dollars per annum, paid in advance.

Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

THE MILLINERY STORE.

23 Mrs. White,

(From London)

BEGS leave to return her sincere thanks to a generous Public, for the encouragement she has experienced since her commencement, and informs them, she has removed from Mr. Bogg's, to the house opposite to Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, where she continues to have an extensive and elegant assortment of the most fashionable Millinery Goods, viz:

Silk and Straw Scoops, Old Ladies' Bonnets, Feathered Velvet Hats, Velvet Spencers, Satin and Suede Cloaks, Lace and Gauze Veils, Turbans, Crapo and Muslin Caps, Ostrich Feathers, & Artificial Flowers, Stufings for Cravats, Suspenders, Black and Red Morocco Leather Bonnets for Children.

N. B.—Bonnets made, and Umbrellas covered at the shortest notice. 6m

Banks & Owings,

Have imported from Philadelphia, and are opening for sale, on the lowest terms, in the house lately occupied by Messrs. John Jordan jun. & co. next door to Mr. Seitz's,

British and Spanish perfume and common broad cloths, Constitution and fancy cords, Corduroys, Velvets, Velvets, Tambored & book muslins, Humbers, Baftas, India shawls, silk and cotton, India, silk and cotton handkerchiefs, Chintzes and calicoes of the newest patterns, Irish linens, white and half bleached, Durants, Calimanches, Wildborders, &c. Men's and women's cotton hose & socks, Nankeens, Turkey yarn, Tickings &c. A complete assortment of

They keep a constant supply of baron, steel, castings and sheet iron of the best qualities, assorted, and Dry Mann'sick salt.

Millers can be supplied with boulting cloths of the different numbers.

Lexington, April 7th, 1804. tf

Thomas Love,

AFTER an absence of nearly twelve months from his old stand in Frankfort, near the Ferry and Ware-houses, now informs his friends and the public that he has resumed his old place of

ENTERTAINMENT,

Where those that may please to call on him, may rely on meeting with every attention, both as to themselves and horses, that this country will afford. Private parties may have rooms undisturbed with the bustle of a Tavern; and gentlemen disposed to have private boarding, can be accommodated to their wishes.

Frankfort, Feb. 22, 1804.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.

Montgomery circuit, July term 1804. Christian Keener, complainant, Against

John Hawkins, Ezekiel Hayden, John Dupuy, Henry Payne, Henry Young, John Fowler, James Gray and Basil Holmes, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants, Basil Holmes, Henry Young, James Gray & John Dupuy, notwithstanding their appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that they are no inhabitants of this Commonwealth; on the motion of the complainant by his council, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on the third day of our next October term and answer the complainants bill, that a copy of this order be inserted in one of the public papers of this state for eight weeks successively.

A Copy. Teffe,

M. Harrison, C. M. C.

Drs. BROWN & WARFIELD. BE will practice

MEDICINE & SURGERY, In partnership, in the town of Lexington and the vicinity.

Dr. Brown requests those who are indebted to him to pay their accounts to Major Deedmond or give notes for the amount.

FOR SALE, the place whereon I now live, containing 450 acres well improved, and generally given up to be a handsome place as any in Fayette county—the dwelling house is of brick, two stories high, 46 feet long by 22 wide, finished off in a neat plain manner, and other necessary out houses; there is likewise a very fine grist mill with two pairs of stones, one of which are burr—the said mill, dam, and all were built anew about twelve months ago—the dam and all works are locust timber, which will stand at least fifty years without being impaired—there is about 130 acres of cleared land, springs and stockwater that was never known to fail. I will sell the whole together, or the mill with 50 or 100 acres with it, and give a considerable credit for half, the other half being paid down. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, any person may be informed and shewn.

John Rogers,
Fayette county, Davy's Fork of Elkhorn, April 16th, 1804.

24 TWO STILLS FOR SALE.

ONE holds 127 gallons, the other 60 gallons. I will sell them low for all Cash. For sale, also, The Noted Thorough Bred Horse, LAMPLIGHTER, which is equal in blood and beauty to any horse in the state, and his colts the same if not superior. I will take one thousand dollars for him—he is eight years old. J. R.



VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

700 acres Military Land, lying on Brush creek, N. W. T. where the road crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe; this tract contains about three hundred acres of rich bottom, the remainder is well timbered; has on it a good mill seat, and is an excellent stand for a public house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clover Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good neighborhood; about three miles from Dunham's Town, seven from Williamsburg, and eleven to twelve from the Ohio river.

1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Brush creek, a few miles from New Market, N. W. T.

5000 acres, lying on Bank Lick creek, Kentucky, part of two tracts, containing 6000 acres, surveyed and patented for William Jones.

4000 acres, Clarke county, Kentucky, part of a tract of eight thousand acres, surveyed and patented for Richard Chinney.

3332 2-3 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, part of 5000 acres, surveyed and patented for George Underwood.

1200 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, surveyed and patented for Moody and McMillin.

1000 acres Military land, on the waters of Russell's creek, Green river.

325 acres, Jefferson county, Kentucky, about four miles from Louisville, 40 acres of this tract is cleared.

116 1-2 acres, Franklin county, Kentucky, on the North fork of Elkhorn, about six miles from Frankfort; on this tract are considerable improvements.

A House and well improved Lot in the town of Paris, on Main street, and adjoining Mr. Hughes's tavern.

An Inn and Out Lot in said town.

Also a House and well improved Lot in this place.

The above described property will be sold low for CASH, HEMP and TOBACCO, or giving bond with good security, a considerable credit may be had.

For further particulars enquire of Andrew F. Price, attorney in fact for (or to the subscriber.)

JOHN JORDAN Jun.
Lexington Kentucky, January 13, 1803.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale 6561 acres of land, lying upon the waters of Eagle creek, in the county of Pendleton; which he will sell upon moderate terms for Cash or property, as he is desirous of disposing of his possessions in this state.

This land possesses several very advantageous stands for taverns, as it extends for two or three miles on each side of the road leading from Lexington to Cincinnati, and about 64 miles from the former. Terms may be known by applying to the subscriber at the Travellers Hall, in Lexington, or in his absence to R. Bradly, until the 15th of October, at which time he means leaving this state for Virginia.

George Markham.

September 17, 1804. *

FOR SALE.

AND possession given immediately 215 acres of land, lying on the waters of Cane Run, and immediately on the road leading from Lexington to Georgetown. There is tolerable good improvements, with about 60 acres of the above land cleared, and well enclosed with a good fence, the title indisputable; the terms of sale will be made known by application to the subscriber, living on the premises.

I will also sell all my stock, at reduced prices for cash or short credit—Among my horses I have two thorough bred Mares, brought from Virginia last spring, one was got by the noted horse Quicksilver out of a Pilgrim mare, three years old this spring, now in foal by Albert, the other was got by Fitzchew's noted running horse Old Frederick, out of a full blooded mare, and now in foal by Medley.

Tbos. I. Garrett
Fayette, July 9th, 1804.

TO BE SOLD,

BY a power of attorney from the executors of Patrick Henry deceased, a

25 TRACT OF LAND,

On Mill creek, near Drennon's Lick, about 18 miles from the mouth of Kentucky, and 40 miles from the Falls of Ohio, containing 1500 acres, by survey made in 1784, and is a moiety of 3000 acres, patented to Mr. May and Mr. Henry, and accordingly divided.

Also 500 acres on the Rolling fork of Salt river, by survey in 1784, patented to Mr. Henry.

I understand these lands are valuable, but a purchaser would chuse to judge for himself. The terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, living in Fayette county.

W. WARFIELD.

April 17, 1804. tf

ALEX. PARKER & Co.

HAVE just received from Philadelphia, in addition to their former assortment,

Book muslin, plain and figured cambric do.

Chintzes and calicoes, assorted,

Blue hair plush, & brown Hollands

Constitution and fancy cords,

Extra long silk gloves, assorted,

Morocco slippers, assorted.

Loaf sugar, coffee and fresh teas,

Copper in sheets & still patterns.

Which they will sell on the most moderate terms, for Cash.

Lexington, July 14, 1804.

BLUE, RED, GREEN, YELLOW & BROWN DYING.

I WILL color cotton and linen with a hot dye, which I will warrant to stand, or return the money, and on as reasonable terms as any dyer in Lexington. I will dye wool a deep blue at 1s. 6d. per pound.

26 HUGH CRAWFORD,

At the sign of the Golden Boot & Shoe, in the old court-house, corner of Main & Cross-streets, Lexington.

September 13th, 1803.

N. B. If you want to have your cotton coloured free from spots, tie your cuts loose.

H. C.

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the late

A firms of Seitz & Lauman,

John A. Seitz, Seitz & Johnston

John A. Seitz & Co., John Jordan

John Jordan Jun. & Co. and

John & William Jordan, are requested

to come forward immediately

and pay off their respective accounts

to ANDREW F. PRICE, who is here

by duly authorized to receive the

same. Those who do not avail

themselves of this notice, may rest

assured that suits will be instituted

against them without discrimination.

John Jordan Jun.

Lexington, Sept. 4, 1804.

27 LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale

6561 acres of land, lying upon the

waters of Eagle creek, in the coun-

ty of Pendleton; which he will sell

upon moderate terms for Cash or

property, as he is desirous of dis-

posing of his possessions in this state.

This land possesses several very ad-

vantageous stands for taverns, as it

extends for two or three miles on

each side of the road leading from

Lexington to Cincinnati, and about

64 miles from the former. Terms

may be known by applying to the

subscriber at the Travellers Hall,

in Lexington, or in his absence to

R. Bradly, until the 15th of Octo-

ber, at which time he means leaving

this state for Virginia.

George Markham.

September 17, 1804. *

28 Rags.

Three cents per pound, or 18s.

per hundred weight, given for clean

inen or cotton Rags, at Chaerl's

printing office, Lexington.

Bourbon County, SC.

TAKEN up by William Campbell, near

Hatchcraft's mill, A BROWN HORSE,

four years old, fourteen hands high, small star in his

forehead, branded on the near buttock but not

legible, has on a 2s bell; appraised to 40

dollars.

A Copy. Teffe,</

A BRIEF ANSWER

To the REMARKS made by "ARISTARCHUS" on "THE NEW AMERICAN ENGLISH GRAMMAR," published in the Kentucky Gazette, August 28, 1804.

THE 1st Remark made by Aristarchus, appears to have been occasioned by an error of the prefs. (*a*) *Goal* instead of *goal*. According to Miss. Walker and Sheridan, *g* is soft before *a*, in this word; it was, therefore, proper to make it an exception to the general rule mentioned, page 6 of the *New American English Grammar*.

The 2^d Remark is on the definition of a syllable. The definition given of a syllable in the American English Grammar, is a complete sound uttered in one distinct breath, or by a single impulse of the voice;" as, *O, come, &c.* A. has chosen as the object of his criticism, the first part only. "A syllable is a complete sound, uttered in one distinct breath;" which may be found in Mr. Buchanan's Regular Syntax, page 57, the 4th American edition, printed in Philadelphia, by Charles Gilt, (b)

UNTO is a typographical error, marked in the errata of the American Grammar.

The 3^d Rem. is on note, page 10, Am. Gram. "The note of interrogation and admiration are indeterminate" &c. Mr. A. asks "how come the learned grammarians so far to forget his cords, as to use the singular noun note as the nominative to the plural verb are?"

I will supply the Ellipsis in this sentence, then A. may correct it. "The note of interrogation and the note of admiration are indeterminate as to the length of the pause" (c) See Dr. Ash's Gram. on Ellipsis, page 46 & 47.

The 4th Rem. is on a passage taken chiefly from Buchanan's Reg. Syntax, pages 162, 163, 164. "A double period marked thus, (----) is so called, because it denotes a pause of two periods; and indicates that the sentence or words after which it is marked, are worthy of consideration." He then describes a BREAK OF PARAGRAPH, AND A DOUBLE BREAK, as they are described in the American Grammar.

Again, in p. 183, "Ellipsis, thus, (----) is used when part of a word is left out; as, K---g, &c. Again, p. 164... After *uk*, thus, *, refers to the margin or the bottom of the page; several of them put together signify that there is something wanting, defective or inadmissible, in the passage of the author. Again, see Mr. Harrison's English Grammar, p. 75. "Several asterisks (* *) or a dash (----) signify the omission of some part of a word or SENTENCE. A DASH is also used to denote a DISTINCTION OF PAUSE, NOT SUFFICIENTLY MARKED BY THE COMMON STOPS. Hence we find, that the black line (----) which Mr. A. endeavors to make look so very ridiculous, is in two of the most celebrated Grammars now extant, used in those different ways mentioned in the American Grammar. Mr. Buchanan and Dr. Ash have given us the same calculations with respect to the length of the pauses which are exhibited in the American Grammar." (d)

The 5th Rem. is on a passage taken from Buchanan's Regular Syntax, page 24. "The articles are never put before the pronouns, nor proper names of men, women, kingdoms, cities, nor the PARTICULAR NAMES of virtues, vices, meteors, corns, herbs, except when we say, by way of distinction, he is a Howard, he is a Hamilton; i. e. one whose name is Howard, or Hamilton." (e)

Mr. A.'s, the *he one*, the *sbe one*, are personal pronouns with which I am acquainted.

The 6th Rem. on the substantive nouns might apply to A.'s, own definition of a substantive, as well as to that given in the American Grammars; for can Mr. A. conceive the substantive nothing to subistit, or can he form an idea or notion of it? Mr. A. might as well have said *nothing* about this. (f)

The 7th Rem. is on a passage which may be found in Buchanan's Regular Syntax, p. 17; the following words ending in *s* and *ss*, make their plurals in *ses*; as, calf, calves; knife, knives; but others follow the general rule; as, grief, griefs; so also, cliff, dwarf, hoof, roof, mischief, handkerchief, relief, miff, &c. (g)

The 8th Rem. is on a passage taken from Buchanan's Syntax, page 17. "Have all words a plural and a singular number? No, whatever nature or art has made DOUBBLE, wants the singular number; as, ASHES, bowels, bellows, breeches, entrails, tons, lunas, &c. Here we find the learned Buchanan uses DOUBBLE & ASHES in the same sense in which they are used in the American Grammar. It ought to be remembered, that this Grammar has passed the scrutiny of Great Britain, and has gone through five editions in the Eastern States of America and in Philadelphia; where true science is by no means a stranger." (h)

Harrison's Grammar, p. 111. "Some nouns want the singular; as, ASHES, lungs, news, &c."

The 9th Rem. is on a passage taken from Buchanan's Syntax, p. 10, deer, horse, sheep, lern, are used alike in both numbers. Hoses signifying breeches and stockings, by an error of the prefs. was converted into horse, which gave A. some needless trouble. (i)

The 10th Rem. is on a catalogue of words, which he disingenuously intimates plural "The note are," is good concord, were chosen merely to exemplify the Why? because the same noun with a genders; whereas the genders are exemplified above, and these catalogues or tables of words placed in notes, in order that the pupil may be taught their proper use. These words, which A. calls obsecencies, you may see in Dr. Ash's Grammatical Institutes, Philadelphia edition, M. Carey, 1800, ps. 10 and 11. Likewise, see Harrison's Rudiments, p. 14, 21, 22, 23 and Jones's Profound Grammar, p. 30.

Are not these and similar words used in the sacred writings? or if these be not

sufficient authority with Mr. A., are not such words used by some of the most refined writers of our language?

Do we not find them in Addison's, Swift's, Dr. H. Blair's? &c. But if these authors

are not sufficiently refined, can we not

find words of a similitude import in Payne, Payley? &c. And are not such words

found in the best Geographies and Dictionaries published in Europe and America?

If so, why must the American Grammar be ridiculed, because it is calculated to teach the scholar to use these

words with propriety. The learned know that there is the same reason for exhibiting tables of these nouns which form the feminine irregularly, that there is for exhibiting a table of irregular verbs. (j)

The 11th Rem. is on a passage respecting the comparison of adjectives. Something of a similar nature (k) may be found in Buchanan's Syntax, p. 26.

There are three degrees of comparison: the positive, the comparative, and the superlative. The positive is the adjective itself, imply without any degree of comparison; as, white, hard, &c. and strictly speaking, is no degree of comparison, because it does not compare things together. The comparative begins the comparison; &c. Dr. Ash says (page 12 of his Grammatical Institutes) "Most adjectives have, at least, two degrees of comparison, which are commonly called *comparative* and *superlative*."

The 12th Rem. is an error of the prefs. (l) *Darst*, instead of *durst*.

The 13th Rem. is on *wan*, which Buchanan (see Regular Syntax, p. 59) makes the preterite tense of the verb *wain*. "Win, present tense; *wan* or *won*, preterit participle *won*. See, also, Entick's Dictionary, under the word *wan*, New-York edition. Here A. discovers his usual disingenuity; he charges Mr. L. with having discovered that *wan* is not an adjective. I ask, where has Mr. L. said any thing which implies that he does not think *wan* an adjective? The learned know, that to say there is a preterit tense of a verb is spelled like an adjective, does not imply that there is no such adjective. "He learned to write. A learned man." (m)

The 14th Rem. is on the verb to *spit*. If A. will take the trouble to look into Walker's Dictionary, he will find to *SPIT*, v. a. preterit *spat*; participle passive, *spit* or *spisted*; signifying to put on a spit; to thrust through; and if the verb neuter to *SPIT*; which signifies to throw out spit. The latter is the one which, (as it is now commonly used) is the same in the present tense preterit and participle. In Buchanan's Syntax, page 60, you may find both these verbs--and the apparent contradiction, which was charged upon Mr. L. as a real one. (n)

The 15th Rem. is made on an error of the prefs. which is corrected in the errata published with the American Grammar, viz. *follow* instead of *followers*. See Errata.

The 16th Rem. is on a rule which may be found in Harrison's English Grammar, page 50. Adjectives that signify dimensions, generally follow the nouns of measure; as, the wall is ten foot long. Mr. Harrison gives feet as the plural of foot, in page 12, he says "Nouns of measure, number, and weight, are sometimes joined in the singular form with nominal adjectives, denoting plurality; as, fifty foot; six score; "ten thousand fathoms deep."--Milton, P. L. II, 234.

Hence we see that even the celebrated Dr. Lowth has not escaped the censure of this mighty critic.

A little learning is a dangerous thing, & I link deep," &c. (o) Pope.

JOHN LYLE

* * * Mr. Bradford is requested to publish above in the Kentucky Gazette.

NOTES BY ARISTARCHUS.

(a) "Appears" to be an error of the prefs.; but might not the Rev. Author have reflected that *appearances* are often fallacious?

(b) The same definition of a syllable, he says "may be found in Buchanan's Regular Syntax."--It is very possible it may be the case; but is that any reason why it should appear in Mr. L.'s *Secular Syntax*? Will the circumstance of its being "found" in another book justify the adoption of an absurdity? Buchanan's dogmatical assertions are not all Gospel. In the passage which he has cited from Ps. xciv. 1. "O come let us sing unto the Lord" &c. he says, "UNTO is a typographical error," and as such, "marked in the errata of the Am. Gram." Does this shew any great respect for the Holy Bible? "Happy is he that condemneth not himself in that thing which he alloweth?" Rom. xiv. 22.

(c) This is *New Grammar* indeed! Upon Mr. L.'s principles of construction, every singular nominative in the language may admit of a plural verb; and both numbers may be made to harmonize in grammatical concord. It is only by supplying the Ellipsis" and all is well,

Accordingly he maintains that the words, which he disingenuously intimates plural "The note are," is good concord, were chosen merely to exemplify the Why? because the same noun with a genders; whereas the genders are exemplified above, and these catalogues or tables of words placed in notes, in order that the pupil may be taught their proper use. These words, which A. calls obsecencies, you may see in Dr. Ash's Grammatical Institutes, Philadelphia edition, M. Carey, 1800, ps. 10 and 11. Likewise, see Harrison's Rudiments, p. 14, 21, 22, 23 and Jones's Profound Grammar, p. 30.

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"True to his charge—
He comes, the Herald of a noisy world,
News from all nations lumbering at his back.

LEXINGTON, OCTOBER 2.

MARRIED,

On last evening, by the Revd. Adam Rankin, Mr. ALFRED WALLS of North Carolina, to Miss POLLY HARGR of this town. *Ind. Gaz. Sep. 28.*

A LETTER from Barboursville, in Knox county, to a Gentleman in this Town, gives information of a man by the name of Patrick Peace, being on his way to this country with a large amount of Counterfeit Bank Notes, principally of the Bank of the United States. The Public would therefore do well to be on their guard.

On Monday the 24th Sept. came on the trial of William Alcorn, before the Federal Court at Frankfort, for passing Counterfeit Bank Notes. The trial continued until Thursday evening, when he was found guilty, and sentenced to five years imprisonment, at hard labor, in the jail and Penitentiary house.

Christopher Irving who was apprehended with Alcorn, and who was out on Bail, failed to appear, and has forfeited his recognizance.

It appears by the Boston Federal papers, that the Federal ticket for Members of Congress has succeeded in New-Hampshire, by a small majority.

A Savannah paper mentions that the Vice-President, had arrived at St. Simons, in Georgia, in vessel from Philadelphia, in perfect health, and entirely relieved from the hydrocephalus which afflicted him in the neighborhood of that city. The Vice-President is probably on his way to Louisiana.

Extract of a letter from Natchez, dated Augt 23.

"I fear some trouble is now brewing in Louisiana territory. Livington of New-York, with some others, are stirring up the people to proclaim against the government of the United States; and probably the discontent will be but too general. An insurrection has broken out in West Florida. A few days since, from report, a company of 250 men, were within 12 or 15 miles of the insurgents, who seemed determined to make a stand—the event we expect by the Mail, which will arrive from below on the day after tomorrow."

WILKESBARE, September 1.

Strange—if True!

An old gentleman of venerable appearance passed through this county a few days since, and gave to a number of our citizens the following information.

That he was from the neighbourhood of the Cayuga lake, and just as he started on his journey, he saw a man who informed him that two men were fishing on the lake, when they beheld at a distance a monster in the form of a snake, rise out of the lake, and stretch himself on the bosom of the water.—That his appearance was

"Fierce as ten furies;

"Terrible as Hell!"

that the fishermen with more than ordinary courage ventured near enough to reach him with a rifle ball, and both firing at once fortunately dispatched him.

The people of the neighbourhood were immediately called together, and the Aquatic Mammot drawn in triumph to the shore.

On an admeasurement it was found to be 102 feet 4 1/2 inches in length, and his size proportionably great. From his head projected a horn of considerable length. The old gentleman added that in going into Owego he met three of the inhabitants going out to see the extraordinary creature, and that the skin was to be saved for Mr. Peale's Museum.

There is an Indian tradition that a monster of the kind described long inhabited the lake, and they believe it still continues there; they had an idea that it was an evil spirit and as such they worshipped it.

LONDON, July 16—25.
RUSSIA, SWEDEN AND
FRANCE.

Private letters from Paris, of the 10th state a new proof of the hostile spirit of Bonaparte in his conduct towards Russia and Sweden. He has adopted a system of persecution against all the subjects of these two powers, whether travellers or merchants, in France, Italy, Switzerland, and Holland.—His military gendarmerie commanders and police agents, are ordered to insult, oppress and arrest them upon the slightest pretence. The least informality in their passes, any complaint that ingenuity and suspicion can devise, is considered a sufficient ground to detain their persons.—Those who are going to France are stopped at the frontiers, under the pretence that they ought to have new passes from Paris; and those who have, are detained under the pretence that their passes are correct.

During these last five weeks, no Russian or Swedish ship has been permitted to clear out and sail; and notwithstanding the demands and representations of the consuls of their respective nations, the only answer that has been obtained is, "Such are the good will & pleasure of the emperor." This measure is generally supposed to be a prelude to an embargo. Many circumstances tend to confirm this suspicion. Among these is the great activity of the police agents to discover and ascertain the property of Russian and Swedish subjects in France, and to prevent any transfer or removal of it. Should a rupture with these countries take place, an event considered in France very probable, there is little doubt but that Russian and Swedish subjects will experience similar treatment to that which British subjects in France experienced last year.

Undoubted intelligence is said to have reached our government, that upon receiving the note respecting the duke D'Enghien, from the Russian minister Bonaparte, in a climax of rage, wrote a note with his own hand to the emperor of Russia in the most vindictive style. This was instantly dispatched; but after several hours remonstrance from Talleyrand, another courier was dispatched to stop the delivery of this philippic.—The messengers reached Petersburgh on the same day, but the flaming note arriving first, had been delivered. The emperor of Russia has ordered copies of it to be sent to every court in Europe, and it is said to be of a most unique description.

A report was generally circulated yesterday evening in the city, that a courier had arrived from St. Petersburg with dispatches for our government, announcing that the Emperor of Russia, had declared war against France. In addition to the insolent expression made use of by Bonaparte, in his answer to the Russian remonstrance, it is reported he said, "it was strange that the Emperor of Russia, who was surrounded by the unpunished murderers of his father, should dare to charge him with the murder of the Duke D'Enghien."—All this, however, we give merely as report.

We are assured, that Gen. Augereau had, on the 28th ult. two long conferences with Bonaparte, previous to his departure for Brest. At the last, Talleyrand, Berthier and a few senators and ministers of State, most in the confidence of the Corsican, were present. Augereau is said to have pledged himself for the success of the landing in this country, provided the plan which he has himself projected for effecting the enterprise, be adopted without any change or alteration, and Bonaparte is stated to have acquiesced in the condition.

We are again threatened with the speedy failing of the Breit fleet, which is stated to be completely ready for sea. The troops in that quarter, destined to embark, are ordered to hold themselves in readiness; and the commander in chief, Augereau, was shortly expected from Paris.

Government seems fully impressed with the opinion the moment draws near when the enemy will hazard the experiment of an invasion. The greatest activity prevails in all our principle points of defence, and troops are in constant movement. The brigade of guards at Colchester and in that quarter, was this morning to pass the Thames at Gravesend, and we understand, that an encampment of 20,000 men will be immediately formed at Coxheath, in order to be ready to defend the southern coast, or to embark for Ireland, as the exigency of affairs may require.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of a decree, of the Fayette Circuit Court, will be sold, at public sale, on a credit of nine months from the date, a tract of

LAND.

Containing 110 acres, lying on the East fork of Hickman Creek, where James Hawkins now lives. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock, on the 20th day of October next, on the premises. Bond with approved security, payable to John Price, agent for Samuel Hawkins, will be required of purchasers.

Hez. Harrison.

Ed. Bullock.

Wm. Shreve.

Aza Thompson.

Sept. 29 1804.

2w

IN THE PRESS

And will be ready next week, the

Kentucky Almanac,

For the year of our Lord

1805.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office, Lexington, K. October 1, 1804, and notwithstanding the demands and representations of the consuls of their respective nations, the only answer that has been obtained is, "Such are the good will & pleasure of the emperor." This measure is generally supposed to be a prelude to an embargo. Many circumstances tend to confirm this suspicion. Among these is the great activity of the police agents to discover and ascertain the property of Russian and Swedish subjects in France, and to prevent any transfer or removal of it. Should a rupture with these countries take place, an event considered in France very probable, there is little doubt but that Russian and Swedish subjects will experience similar treatment to that which British subjects in France experienced last year.

Thomas Alsop Elisha Allen
Mr. Ashby care Rev. Bishop Alsop
of Mr. January 19

A

William Barkley 4 D. Bradford
John Burley Philip Brink
Vr. Benjamin John Brand 4
Abn. Bowman Solomon Burnley
Andw. Burt 2 John Beckenrele
Jno. W. Bacren Max Bowrin
reuth Valentine Barnard
Hon. Judge Belt Jno. Breckinridge
Col. A. Buford Wm. Brown or
John Birckhead James Black
James Buchanan David Barclay

C

Nathaniel Cox 3 Rowl. Chambers
Willis Coplard Wm. L. Chew
Abm. Callendine James Crutcher
Rev. Jno. P. Camp Thomas Chew
bell 3 James Chandler
James Caley Edmund Clark
James Cord William Cox
Edw. Callahan Scilum & Jas. Cole
Catholic Priest man
James Coleman John Carlson
maj. Jno. Cambell James Cord
cap. P. Conhove William T. Cock
John H. Canby col. Wm. Clark
Jacob & Michael col. M. Calmes
Greekbaum col. Jno. Cropper

D

Wm. Denham James Dodds care
Nathl. Drake esq. of the rev. mr.
D. C. Dean Afmstrong
Wm. Durrett esq. John Davis

E

Benjamin Ellis 2 James Ewing
William Essex cap. Geo. Elliott

F

Thos. Fitzpatrick mifs Rebecca Fin
Benj. Forfylth 2 ley
Robert Fryer Jacob Fishback esq
Robert Frazer Bryan Ferguson

G

Thomas George John Greathouse
Robert Gibson care of R. Barr
Zach. Garnett John Glover
cap. John Gardner Mifs Sarah Gray
John Gray care of S. Ayers
Greenberry Ger. William Goodman
man John Groves

H

Alexander Hall Mary Huston
care of Jno. Vance Rice Haggard 2
Daniel Harr Cavid Herron
Robert Hill Abram Houstar
George Huber Hannah Holmes
Mr. Hinton John Heddleton
Moses Hyton care James Henderson
of mifs Polly Pin Thomas Herron
dell Thomas Hopkins
nts. Nancy Hall Joseph Hudson

I

Charles Jones 2 Thomas Irvin
John Jones 2 James B. January
Jarter Irvin Christian Ilgaer

J

Henry Kohlhaf Matthew Kinny
care of col. Hart Francis Kirtly

John Knox

L

Joseph Lees Hezekiah Lyon
James Leonard Gabriel Lewis
Jessie Lamme 2 David Logan esq
Hector Lewis Jonathan Lyon

Zacheriah Lyon 2 James Lindsey

M

Richd. Masterson Donald M'Bean or
mr. Moorhouse Donald M'Intosh
John L. Martin John Adamson Ma
col. S. M'Dowal 4 son
David Mitchell jr. Samuel Menet
Jno. M'Dowal esq. William Moser
Elijah Milton John Mansan
Mrs. Kitty Milton Benjamin Moore
Archd. M'Neil 2 Pat. M'Naughan
Dav. Mitchel sen. serje 2 U.S. rtin
Thos. M'Whiney Jamie Meafon
Wm. Montier 2 John Moore sen.
cap. Wm. Moore James Martin
Thomas M'Ilroy John H. Morton
Francis M'Murdy Hugh Maitland

N

James Nolan care of David Reed

O

John Oliver Walter Overton
James Oliphant Samuel Ogilbey
Thomas Outin

P

David Pettigrizer Thomas Post

Nudham or Tho. James Payne

James Perry Wm. H. Patterson

The President of Smld. Pryor

the Society of the Thetas Pop
Cincinnati K. John Parlin

Q

col. T. Quarles Roger Quarles

R

Rev. A. Rankin Thomas Reilly 2

William Rees John Royell

Jos. Rodgers Jr. 2 Charles Raye

Geffe Ridder John Rollins

Doc. Edw. G. Rey. Ezekiel Roleston

nolds 2 Samuel Rowland

Philip Ryon Jesse Roper

Jacob Rorer or Solomon Rankin

Geo. Bruner Ninian Riley sen.

David Reid

S

Thos. Stephenson mr. or mrs. Smith

John Speed care mrs. Whit
mr. Downing lock

William Sullivan Richard Steel

cap. Wm. Simpson mrs. Je. n. Smith

Patrick Shields James Sundof

rev. Rob. Stuart Mary Scott

John Smith George & Little

Ralph Smith Scott

cap. John Shock James Stafford

Withers Smith John H. Smith

Nathaniel Smith Edward Seille

Thomas Steel

T

Nelson Turner col. Levi Todd 2

Windel Trout George Taylor

John G. Thompson John Taylor esd.

Saml. Taylor esq. David Thompson

cap. Richd. Taylor William Thompson

John Taylor

V

Jabez Vigus Abraham Venable

W

George Bledsoe maj. Jno. P. Wagin

Wright John Winn

Doct. Walter War William Wardron

field 2 Frederick Waltz

Samuel Wilson Robert Wilson

mifs Ally Ann Alford Williams

Welch cap. John Wardlaw

William Walker Christian Welly

Richd. Williams 2 Solomon Waters

Peter Weiser mifs Eliza Wright

James Wilson rev. Thomas Wil

Joseph Woodward kinson

James Webb sen.

Y

William Young Richd. Yates esq.

JOHN JORDAN Jan. P. M.



To soar aloft on Fancy's wing."

Mr. Fox's Bust.—His Grace the Duke of Bedford has erected, in the Garden at Woburn, a Temple consecrated to Friendship, and decorated with busts and poetical tributes to his most valued intimates. Several votaries of the muse, including General Kirkpatrick, have attempted to celebrate Mr. Fox; but his Grace, who acted as Merchant, has given the preference to the following tasteful lines from the elegant pen and refined genius of the Duchess of Devonshire, inscribed on a pedestal supporting a very fine bust of Mr. Fox:

Here, midst the friends he lov'd, the man behov'd,

In truth unshaken, and in virtue bold;

Whose patriot zeal and uncorrupted mind,

Dar'd to assert the freedom of mankind;

And whilst, extending desolation far,

Ambition spread the baleful flames of war,

Fearless of blame, and eloquent to save,

'Twas he—'twas Fox—the warning council gave!

[blood]

'Midst jarring conflicts stemm'd the tide of

And to the menac'd world a sea mark stood!

Oh! had his voice in mercy's cause prevailed,

What grateful millions had the Statesman hail'd!

Whose wisdom bid the broils of nations cease,

And taught the world humanity and peace!

But though he fail'd, succeeding ages here,

The vain yet pious effort shall rever;

Boast in their annals his illustrious name,

Uphold his greatness, and confirm his fame!

"Trifles, light sa air."

A grandee of Spain handing some refreshments to a circle of ladies, observed one with a most brilliant ring, and was rude enough to lay in her hearting, "I should prefer the ring to the hand,"—"And I," said the lady (looking steadfastly at the glittering order suspended to the Don's neck) "should prefer the collar to the beast."



22 NOW OPENING BY Charles Wilkins,

in the Brick House opposite the Court House, lately occupied by Messrs. Parker and Gray, an Extensive Assortment of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Queens Ware, Groceries, Crowley Steel, & Dorsey's best Iron;

Which will be sold cheap for CASH or HEMP.

Lexington, 3d May, 1804.

** Four or five Journeymen Rope-Makers wanted. None need apply but good workmen.

BLUE, RED AND GREEN DYING.

THE SUBSCRIBER

WISHES to inform the public, that he continues to carry on the

WHEEL-WRIGHT BUSINESS,

and

BLUE DYING,

On High street, at the sign of the Spinning Wheel; and will dye cotton, linen and wool with a warm dye, which will warrant to stand equal to any blue in America. The deepest blue for 4/6 per lb. My token is I.C. stamped on tin. Any person wishing to prove either of the colours will please to wash them, which will convince them it is a warm dye and will stand.

JOHN GOLDWELL.

Lexington, 10th May, 1804.

tf

18

WILSON'S TAVERN,

(LATELY POSTLETHWAIT'S.)

I HAVE rented the House and Tavern, lately occupied by me, in this town, to Joshua Wilson, formerly of Bardstown. I beg leave to return my sincere thanks to my numerous customers, for their preference in my favor whilst in that house, and am happy, and confident in assuring those who continue their favors to Mr. Wilson, that they will find every accommodation that the house and situation is capable of affording—which, I hope I do not presume in laying, will be equal to any in the Western Country.

J. POSTLETHWAIT.

Lexington, (K.) June 4, 1804.

FOR SALE,
At a reduced price in Cash and personal property at valuation, the following

39 Lands,

400 acres entered for John May, on the north side of the Kentucky river, and lower side of Cedar creek.

30 acres, part of 40, entered by Geo. May, on the salt lick, on Sandy.

216 1-4 acres half of 433 1.2 entered by John May, around the last entry.

250 acres, half of 500, entered, May 1780, by George May, near Lydia's Mount.

400 acres, half of 800, in the name of Isaac Shelby, adjoining the last—entered June 23, 1780.

About 30 acres, being that part of John May's entry of 1000, including the confluence of the South fork with Main Licking, which lies within the forks, and including a part of the town of Falmouth.

666 2-3 acres, part of Samuel Meredit's 1000, in the forks of Licking, adjoining the last entry, and including the remainder of Falmouth—Patented 10th July, 1786.

1333 1-3 acres, part of Samuel Meredit's & George Clymer's 2000 acres, on Bank Lick creek—Patented 14th November, 1786.

266 2-3 acres part of Samuel Meredit's & George Clymer's 400, north side of Licking, and joining John May's 1000 before mentioned.

1000 acres, entered for Ben. Holliday, on Battle creek, adjoining John Saunders.

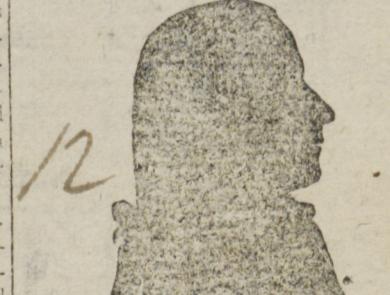
1000 acres, entered for John May, north side of the Rolling fork of Salt river, joining George Underwood, and including the mouth of Wilson's creek.

The claims to the above parcels of land are deduced, by private contracts, from the persons for whom they were located.

GEO. M. BIBB.

Lexington, Jan. 5, 1804.

tf



12 W. MENTELLE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its vicinity, that has just got a PHYSIOTRONIC completed on an entire new construction, by means of which perfect profile likenesses can be taken in a few seconds.

As an application for a patent for using the above instrument is made, all persons are hereby forbid to use it at their peril.

Jas. Fishback.

P. S. Those who would prefer purchasing a part of the tract may be accommodated.—A General warranty will be given.

TAKEN up by Henry C. Gift, Clark county, near the road from Winchester to Paris. ONE BAY HORSE COLT, supposed to be three years old, a small star in his forehead, hind foot white, with some small black spots near the hoof, no brand perceptible; appraised, to 30 dollars.

ALSO ONE SORREL FILLY, with white mane and tail, a blaze face, one year old, no brand appd. to 20 dollars.

June 25th, 1804.

Tbos. Wornall, Jr. P.

Writing Paper,

For Sale by the Ream.

3

Cash

WILL be given for approved

SMALL NOTES, by George Man-

fell & Co.

tf

59 CASH, Will be given for TALLOW & CHEESE,

At the Bake-shop, opposite Lewis Sanders & Co's store, next door to the Nail Factory, Main street, Lexington—

A Valuable WORK HORSE,
For Sale for Whiskey.

DOCTOR JOSEPH BOSWELL,

HAS removed to his farm, seven miles east of Lexington, near the Rev. Ambrose Dudley's, where he will

continue to practice Medicine, in all its different branches. All those indebted to him, are requested to come forward and settle their respective accounts.

April 9, 1804.

FOR SALE,

A Merchant-Mill, Saw-Mill

and Distillery.

SITUATE on the waters of Silver-creek, in Madison county, about six miles from the court-house, and ten miles from the Kentucky river, to which is annexed 140 acres of

59 LAND.

The stream and seat are equal to any in the state, and the Mills and Distillery in prime order. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

ROBERT PORTER.

Madison county } Orl. 1st, 1803. } tf

MEDITERRANEAN PASSPORTS.

15 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT it has been deemed expedient to change the form of the Mediterranean Passports issued to vessels of the United States; that from the eighth day of July next, those of the new form will be issued at the custom houses, to every vessel, for which application may be made on a compliance with the terms prescribed by law, and surrendering the former passport of which she may be possessed, if any, in which latter case fees will be required for the exchange: and that by an arrangement agreed upon by the Barbary powers, with whom we are at peace, either the old or the new form of passport will be sufficient to protect the vessels of the United States from capture until the 1st of July, 1805, after which the old form of passport will be unavailable, and the new one alone in use.

Department of State, }

23d of May, 1804. }

The printers of the laws of the United States are requested to insert the above in their Gazettes twice a week for the space of six months, and the Collectors of the Customs to keep copies of it posted up in their offices.

6m

HEREAS a number of the officers of the late Revolutionary Army, were unfortunate enough to locate their claims in a tract of country, since found to be comprehended within the Indian claims. This is therefore to give notice, that application is intended to be made, in the name of all those who wish redress, by petition to Congress; and little doubt is entertained, from the hardship of the case, but other land will be substituted. The agent who undertakes the management of the business, asks, as compensation, one-third only, of what land is actually located and ultimately saved, he being at all expense to patenting the land. All who wish, upon these terms, their claims to be attended to, are requested to write forthwith, to Thomas Bodley, of Lexington, who will communicate with such agent.

A VENDUE.

TO be sold at public sale, on Saturday, the 29th instant, at the dwelling house of Thomas Scott, in Flemingsburg, containing 60 acres, 30 of which are cleared and under good fence, with some fruit trees. Also, 50 acres first quality, nearly adjoining the above, with no acre cleared and in good repair; with 120 apple trees now beginning to bear, and 30 or 40 bearing peach trees. Also, six head of Good Horses, with a good stock of Cattle, Sheep and Hogs; House and Kitchen Furniture, and Farming Utensils of all kinds. The above property will be sold to the highest bidder, on a credit of nine months—Bond, with approved security, will be required of purchasers. Due attendance will be given by the subscribers,

for Thomas Scott,

JOSHUA KNIGHT, &
CORNELIUS GOODWIN.

Sept. 17, 1804.

2w

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A Quantity of

FLAX & HEMP SEED;

DELIVERED at George Leib's oil mill, on the Lime-stone road, about a mile from the court-house in Lexington; for which a generous price will be given.

William Bobb.

Sept. 10, 1804.

tf

July 21, 1804.

TAKEN up by Robert Black, living on the South Fork of Clear creek, a

BAY MARE,

7 years old, near 15 hands high, branded on the off buttock PL, long tail, with a fucking

BAY MARE COLT,

has a star and a snip, three white feet; together with the mare, appraised to £27.

Certified under my hand, this 18th day of Sept. 1804.

*

Richd. M. Thomas, j.p.

July 25.

tf

10 Two Hundred Acres of

First Rate Land,

Lying within three and a half miles of Lexington, adjoining the Bryan's station tract—there are about fifteen acres of cleared land, under good fence, with a never failing spring. For terms apply to the printer of the Kentucky Gazette, or to the subscriber, in Paris.

THOMAS HUGHES.

tf

July 25.

tf

tf